TCG Component Reference Integrity Manifest Information Model

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CHANGE HISTORY

<table>
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<th>DATE</th>
<th>DESCRIPTION</th>
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<tr>
<td>1.0 / 0.36</td>
<td>10/24/23</td>
<td>• Draft for IWG Review</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


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1 SCOPE and Context

This Component Reference Integrity Manifest Information Model Specification (This Specification or This IM) complements information models for attestation (see section 2.2.1.1) by defining a Component Reference Integrity Manifest (RIM) Information Model (IM) for components of a platform, e.g., a PC Client or Server platform. Components of a platform may include microprocessors, integrated circuits, or might include printed circuit assemblies, such as a graphics adapter or a backplane for a server. This IM provides a basis for refinement in platform specific binding specifications. This RIM IM leverages the TCG Reference Integrity Manifest Information Model[3].

Attestation is a critical element of endpoint assessment and integrity management capability. Generation of Attestation evidence is a foundational element of several Trusted Computing use cases that rely on a Root of Trust such as DICE and TPM. Attestation evidence is used by Verifiers to determine the state of a platform. Evidence is presented to a Verifier by an Attester. The Verifier evaluates evidence using Reference Values asserted by Endorsers (aka supply chain entities).

This IM defines an abstract structure for assembling reference measurements that may be asserted by component manufacturers as expected values. Because component reference measurements may be provided to a platform manufacturer for inclusion in a platform RIM bundle or may be in a RIM provided by the component manufacturer directly to a Verifier, This Specification accommodates various schemas and encoding options (SWID[1] and [2], CoSWID [16], CoRIM [17]). This document does not specify a deployment model.

A Component RIM has several characteristics. These characteristics include:

- The entity or organization that created the RIM instance
- The entity or organization that produces reference values
- Inclusion of reference measurements, for example mutable component firmware and configuration, or immutable component code (e.g. ROM)
- What component and what attesting environment are associated with the RIM
- Integrity protection

This IM contains a superset of attributes and assertions to address a broad set of use cases. Inclusion of these attributes and assertions helps ensure semantic interoperability and promote good security practice.

1.1 Audience

This document aids in the creation of RIM binding specifications that define the formatting, structure, and usage guidelines for a given family of platforms. Verifier developers and component developers working with Component RIM binding specifications may need to refer to This Specification for Component RIM element definitions. RIM binding specifications define a realization of RIM information model definitions, including definition of formats, protocols, storage, and delivery methods used to instantiate and convey reference information to a Verifier. RIM binding specifications may define how RIMs are stored and retrieved, e.g., from a location on an Attester's platform. They may also need to refer to the TCG Reference Integrity Manifest Specification[3].

1.2 Key Words

The key words “MUST,” “MUST NOT,” “REQUIRED,” “SHALL,” “SHALL NOT,” “SHOULD,” “SHOULD NOT,” "RECOMMENDED," “MAY,” and “OPTIONAL” in this document normative statements are to be interpreted as described in RFC-2119, Key words for use in RFCs to Indicate Requirement Levels.

1.3 Statement Type

Please note a very important distinction between different sections of text throughout this document. There are two distinctive kinds of text: informative comment and normative statements. Because most of the text in This Specification
will be of the kind normative statements, the authors have informally defined it as the default and, as such, have specifically called out text of the kind informative comment. They have done this by flagging the beginning and end of each informative comment and highlighting its text in gray. This means that unless text is specifically marked as of the kind informative comment, it can be considered a kind of normative statement.

**EXAMPLE: Start of informative comment**

This is the first paragraph of 1–n paragraphs containing text of the kind `informative comment` ...

This is the second paragraph of text of the kind `informative comment` ...

This is the nth paragraph of text of the kind `informative comment` ...

To understand the TCG specification the user must read the specification. (This use of MUST does not require any action).

**End of informative comment**
2 Introduction

This Specification extends the scope of attestation and endorsement from platforms to include components. The TCG Reference Integrity Manifest Information Model Specification [3] and TCG PC Client Reference Integrity Manifest Specification [4] define the contents and structure of endorsements for PC Client platform firmware. PC Client platforms embed components from third parties that contain firmware. The PC Client Platform Firmware Profile [22] defines component firmware measurements made by platform firmware and the method of measurement.

The purpose of This Specification is to:

1. Define an information model that provides a foundation for Component RIM binding specifications.
2. Describe an Information Model baseline with common elements that a Verifier can support:
   a. Verifiable cryptographic identities used by a RIM creator identity.
   b. Verifiable cryptographic integrity verification of RIM structures.
   c. Support for references to the RIM Binding specification used to realize a RIM structure.
3. Describe the lifecycle of a Component RIM.
4. Support endorsement of measurements embedded in a platform, such as DICE or SPDM [19] based measurements.
5. Support the definition of separable and composable elements that can be assembled to form a coherent description of the integrity posture of a platform.
6. Support multiple types of platforms from simple IoT devices to complex servers.
8. Enable Verifiers to determine the type of RIM data (DICE, SPDM or other), the Target Environment and allow correlation between References, measurements, and the target environment.

2.1 Glossary

This Specification uses the following terms as defined below in Table 1 Glossary.

Table 1 Glossary

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Term</th>
<th>Definition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Component</td>
<td>An element of a platform that comprises one or more integrated circuits with firmware and ROM, each of which may be supplied by different vendors and have different configurations of firmware and/or ROM.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Platform</td>
<td>A platform is comprised of one or more components assembled and working together to deliver a specific computing function but does not include any software other than the firmware that is part of the components in the platform. Examples of platforms include a notebook, a desktop, a server, a network switch, a blade, etc. See NIST SP 800-193 [23]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RIM</td>
<td>Reference Integrity Manifest, an Endorsement of a set of Reference Values and meta data associated with the Attesting Environment.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assertions</td>
<td>See the TCG Reference Integrity Manifest (RIM) Information Model [3]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Evidence</td>
<td>See Section TCG Attestation Framework and the TCG Attestation Framework [10]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Verifiers</td>
<td>See Section TCG Attestation Framework and the TCG Attestation Framework [10]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tag</td>
<td>Defined in the SWID ISO specification [1]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Primary Tag</td>
<td>Defined in the SWID ISO specification [1]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Patch Tag</td>
<td>Defined in the SWID ISO specification [1]</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supplemental Tag</td>
<td>Defined in the SWID ISO specification [1]</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Security Version Number (SVN)
The version number of a component that indicates which security relevant updates have been applied to the component.

### Globally Unique Identifier (GUID)
Defined in the SWID ISO specification [1].

### Object Identifier (OID)
Defined by IETF RFC 5280 [14].

### Universal Unique Identifier (UUID)
Defined by IETF RFC 4122 [15].

### Binding Specification
A TCG specification that tailors the requirements in an Information Model for specific use cases. A binding spec does not loosen requirements of the Information Model but might further constrain the Information Model, define encoding requirements, and possibly standardized values for specific fields.

### Support File
See the TCG Reference Integrity Manifest (RIM) Information Model [3].

## 2.2 Relationships to Other Documents

### 2.2.1 TCG Specifications

**Start of informative comment**

The following sections summarize some TCG specifications that define or use assertion.

**End of informative comment**

**2.2.1.1 TAP**

**Start of informative comment**

TCG’s Trusted Attestation Protocol (TAP) Information Model specification [9] defines the information elements used by Verifiers of platform RIMs. Not all information elements are required by every Verifier.

**End of informative comment**

**2.2.1.2 TCG RIM Information Model**

**Start of informative comment**

The Reference Integrity Measurement (RIM) Information Model (IM) specification [3] defines an abstract structure for assembling reference measurements (Assertions) asserted by manufacturers and other supply chain entities as expected values. The RIM IM requires a binding specification to define a realization of a RIM information model definitions.

**End of informative comment**

**2.2.1.3 TCG PC Client RIM**

**Start of informative comment**

This PC Client RIM specification [4] complies with the RIM Information Model and is a binding specification for the RIM IM on PC Client and Server platforms. It describes the RIM file formats, RIM storage locations within the PC Client, and provides references for the content of the RIM support files.

**End of informative comment**

**2.2.1.4 TCG FIM**

**Start of informative comment**

The PC Client Firmware Integrity Measurement (FIM) specification [5] outlines the basic process for collecting, reporting, and processing (attestation) of PC Client firmware. It also provides requirements for and a mechanism to relate a Platform Certificate compliant with the TCG Platform Certificate Profile Specification [5].

**End of informative comment**
2.2.1.5  TCG Attestation Framework  
Start of informative comment

TCG Attestation Framework Part 1 [10] is a common reference for attestation terminology and concepts, to enable designers of attestation solutions to better specify, describe, and standardize interoperable systems. It contains a description of the TCG attestation framework and associated properties. This document is not yet published.

End of informative comment

2.2.1.6  TCG Platform Certificate  
Start of informative comment

The TCG Platform Certificate Profile specification [5] contains assertions about trust made by a platform manufacturer. The certificate asserts the platform’s security properties and configuration as shipped. The Platform Certificate Profile defines a mechanism that can be used to incorporate a Component Certificate that might be coupled with a Component RIM.

End of informative comment

2.2.1.7  DICE Attestation Architecture  
Start of informative comment


End of informative comment

2.2.1.8  DICE Endorsement Architecture for Devices  
Start of informative comment

The DICE Endorsement Architecture for Devices [5] describes the role of endorsement structures in attestation, the composition of an endorsement manifest schema that describes hardware (devices and components), how vendors might define relevant Claim sets, and how those Claim sets can be represented in an interoperable, machine-readable format. It further describes how to construct manifests that describe devices having multiple components and multiple component vendors that each might issue endorsement manifests.

End of informative comment

2.2.2  Non TCG Documents  
Start of informative comment

This section identifies industry (non-TCG) information model specifications for manifest structures.

End of informative comment

2.2.2.1  DMTF Security Protocol and Data Model Specification (SPDM)  
Start of informative comment

DTMF DSP0274 Security Protocol and Data Model Specification (SPDM) [19] defines the data structures and mechanisms for a caller to authenticate the identity of an SPDM device and/or obtain a measurement of the device’s state for the purposes of attestation.

End of informative comment

2.2.2.2  NISTIR 8060  
Start of informative comment

The National Institute for Standards and Technology Interagency Report (NISTIR) 8060 [2], “Guidelines for the Creation of Interoperable Software Identification (SWID) Tags” is one of the references for the elements described in This IM. NIST IR 8060 pulls its definitions from ISO-IEC 19770-2 [1] which is accessible on the NIST website. Because This Specification is focused on integrity of component firmware, there are further restrictions and additional requirements for the information elements above and beyond the guidelines found in NISTIR 8060.
2.2.2.3 ISO-IEC 19770-2 (SWID)


2.2.2.4 CoSWID


2.2.2.5 CoRIM

Concise Reference Integrity Manifest (CoRIM) [17] represent Endorsements and Reference Values in CBOR [12] format. Composite devices or systems are represented by a collection of Concise Model Identifier (CoMID) and Concise Software Identifiers (CoSWID) bundled in a CoRIM document.

2.2.2.6 XML Signature Syntax and Processing

XML Signature Syntax and Processing Version 2.0 [18] is an informative W3C Working Group Note that describes XML digital signature processing rules and syntax. XML Signatures provide integrity, message authentication, and/or signer authentication services for data of any type, whether located within the XML that includes the signature or elsewhere.

2.2.2.7 CBOR Object Signing (COSE)

CBOR Object Signing [13] describes how to create and process signatures, message authentication codes, and encryption using CBOR for serialization. The signature format is used by CoSWID [16] and CoRIM [17].

2.2.2.8 IANA CBOR Tags Registry

CBOR Tags are defined in the IANA registry [21]. That registry assigns identifiers that are used by Component RIMs.

2.3 Background

There are different types of component assemblies, ranging from a simple integrated circuit with firmware and some ROM to printed circuit board assemblies consisting of multiple integrated circuits, each of which may be supplied by different vendors and have different configurations of firmware and/or ROM. This Specification supports these different types of components, which vary in complexity. To help a Verifier, This Specification defines Component RIMs as composable elements. Figure 1 provides an example of platform composition in relation to the various RIMs that may be available.
A Component RIM contains identifying information that describes the composition of the component, its Attesting Environment, an endorsement by one or more authorities or Endorsers, and potentially references to related RIMs. A Component RIM also contains one or more reference measurements that the Endorser asserts are “correct” for that class of component and firmware.

There are various schemas and encoding methods for RIMs. A Component RIM may use the schema for a SWID or CoSWID tag, as defined in the TCG RIM Information Model [3], or it may use the schema for a CoRIM, as defined in [17]. This Specification defines a RIM IM with each of these schemas in mind. Platform binding specifications may limit the format of the Component RIM.

**End of informative comment**

### 2.4 Composite RIMs

**Start of informative comment**

A Composite RIM is a Base RIM that includes or references other Base RIMs. As defined in [3], there may be scenarios in which multiple entities participate in the supply chain of a given device. That in turn may lead the Verifier to retrieve multiple RIM Bundles to verify the device. Such a scenario may require a RIM Bundle associated with the device to include or provide references to other RIM Bundle(s) being managed by other entities.

Consider a modern PC or Server manufacturer that includes components from various component vendors (e.g., disk drive, memory, CPU’s, etc.). Each component vendor may have its own RIM that corresponds to Firmware running on the component. The PC or Server manufacturer may wish to include or reference a component RIM in its own RIM without corrupting the original component RIM’s signature. The PC or Server Manufacturer may also want its own signature on the RIM to include coverage of all the component RIMs. As exemplified below in the text and in Figure 1 Representative Platform Composition, the inclusion of Component RIM reference within a PC manufacturer's RIM is illustrated as follows:

```
PC_BaseRIM
   |------> PC_Support RIM
   |------> Component1_BaseRIM
   |        |------> Component1_Support RIM
   |------> Component2_BaseRIM
   |        |------> Component2_Support RIM
   |        |------> SubComponentA_BaseRIM
   |        |        |------> SubComponentA_Support RIM
End
```

The Composite RIM payload would include the PC Manufacturer Support RIM and a set of Base/Support RIMs for each component Manufacturer.

This Specification enables component RIMs of various encoding schemes such as CoMID, CoRIM, CoSWID, or SWID schemas, thus resulting in the following:

```
PC_BaseRIM
   |------> PC_Support RIM (SWID Tag)
   |------> Component1_BaseRIM (SWID Tag)
   |        |------> Component1_Support RIM
   |------> Component2_BaseRIM (SWID Tag)
```
End of informative comment
3 Requirements

3.1 Component RIM Information Model

Start of informative comment

This section defines the mandatory and optional attributes of a Component RIM. Optional attributes may be made mandatory by a platform binding specification such as the TCG PC Client Firmware Integrity Measurement Specification [5].

End of informative comment

3.1.1 Component RIM

Start of informative comment

This IM contains a set of schema-agnostic elements defined in Table 2 Component RIM Information Model and the following sections. The elements are further mapped to schema-specific names in Table 3 Component RIM IM to SWID/CoSWID Mapping and Table 4 Component RIM IM to CoRIM/CoMID Mapping. The Required column in Table 2 Component RIM Information Model indicates whether the attribute is required for compatibility with This Specification. Table 1 groups the elements by their Attestation Category. The order defined in Table 1 does not necessarily correspond to any order allowed or required by a RIM’s schema. Note that the SWID and CoSWID schemas mandate a particular order of elements, while CoRIM and CoMID do not, but that order is not defined in This Specification.

The RIM Lifecycle types include initial, patch, and supplemental. An Initial RIM or Primary RIM is provided with the first firmware revision available for the Component. Primary RIMs are also provided when all measurements change based on the revision of firmware applied to the Component, or when a RIM issuer wishes to endorse all measurements anew instead of issuing a Patch RIM to be used alongside a particular Primary RIM. A Patch RIM can be used when a subset of the reference values is modified by a firmware update and thus includes only the modified values.

A Supplemental RIM is recommended for use when a VAR or Owner adds components to a system or makes configuration changes that result in additional measurements. In this case, the Supplemental RIM contains the reference values for the additional components.

Both Patch RIMs and Supplemental RIMs are used with a Primary RIM: but where a Patch RIM replaces values present in the Primary RIM, a Supplemental RIM adds values to those contained in the Primary RIM.

End of informative comment

Table 2 Component RIM Information Model

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Attestation Category</th>
<th>General Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Mandatory / Optional</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Endorsement Identity</td>
<td>Tag Identity</td>
<td>Unique Identifier of the RIM</td>
<td>M</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tag Version</td>
<td></td>
<td>Version of the RIM</td>
<td>M</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Note: This version</td>
<td></td>
<td>represents the version of the RIM or the patch or supplemental RIM, not</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>the Component firmware version</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tag Lifecycle</td>
<td>Tag Lifecycle Type</td>
<td>Information indicating whether this is an initial RIM or a patch or</td>
<td>O1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Previous Tag Hash</td>
<td>supplement to an initial RIM</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Previous Tag URI</td>
<td>Link to a repository of a related Tag in the lifecycle</td>
<td>O</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>URI for FW Package</td>
<td>Link to a repository of the installation package for the firmware that</td>
<td>O</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>corresponds to reference values encompassed by this RIM</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Endorser</td>
<td>Name of the Entity endorsing this tag</td>
<td>M</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Endorser Identity</td>
<td>Endorser URI</td>
<td>URI of the Endorser</td>
<td>O</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------</td>
<td>-------------</td>
<td>---------------------</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Endorser Role</td>
<td>Role of the Endorser. See section 3.1.2 TAG Roles</td>
<td>M</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Attesting Environment</td>
<td>Attesting component model</td>
<td>Model Number or Name of the Component that provides Evidence corresponding to the RIM</td>
<td>M</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Attesting component version</td>
<td>Version Number of the Component that provides Evidence corresponding to the RIM</td>
<td>O</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Attesting Component Manufacturer</td>
<td>Manufacturer of the Component that provides Evidence corresponding to the RIM</td>
<td>O</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Attesting Component FW version</td>
<td>Version of the firmware corresponding to the RIM</td>
<td>M</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Attesting Component FW SVN</td>
<td>Security Version of the firmware corresponding to the RIM</td>
<td>O</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Additional Info</td>
<td>Component Identity or Attribute Cert URI</td>
<td>URI to obtain an Attribute or Identity Certificate for the Attesting Component</td>
<td>O</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Binding Spec Name</td>
<td>Name of the Binding Specification with which the RIM complies</td>
<td>M</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Binding Spec Version</td>
<td>Version of the Binding Specification with which the RIM complies</td>
<td>O</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reference Values</td>
<td>Reference Value Location</td>
<td>Indicates whether the Reference Values are included in the Tag directly or by reference</td>
<td>M</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Reference Value Collection Type</td>
<td>If included by reference, indicates the format of the reference value artifact. If included directly, indicates the Reference Value or Reference Value Collections.</td>
<td>O1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Reference Value Name</td>
<td>If included by reference, this is the Name of the Reference Value artifact</td>
<td>O1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Reference Value or Reference Value Collection size</td>
<td>If included by reference, this is the size of the Reference Value artifact</td>
<td>O1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Reference Value or Reference Value Collection Hash</td>
<td>If included by reference, this is the hash of the Reference Value artifact</td>
<td>O1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Reference Value Attributes</td>
<td>If included by reference, provides information about the referenced object</td>
<td>O1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Endorsement</td>
<td>Signature</td>
<td>The Endorsement over the Tag</td>
<td>M</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** O1 indicates the element is conditionally optional

---

**Table 3 Component RIM IM to SWID/CoSWID Mapping**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Attestation Category</th>
<th>General Name</th>
<th>SWID Elements</th>
<th>CoSWID Elements</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Endorsement Identity</td>
<td>Tag Identity</td>
<td>tagID</td>
<td>tag-id</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Tag Version</td>
<td>tagVersion</td>
<td>tag-version</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tag Lifecycle</td>
<td>Tag Lifecycle Type</td>
<td>patch</td>
<td>patch</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Previous Tag Hash</td>
<td>rimLinkHash</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Endorser Identity</td>
<td>Previous Tag URI</td>
<td>URI for FW Package</td>
<td>Attesting Environment</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------</td>
<td>------------------</td>
<td>--------------------</td>
<td>----------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>previousTagURI</td>
<td>installationMediaURI</td>
<td>componentModel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>regID</td>
<td>Link-entry.href, link-entry. rel=supersedes</td>
<td>Link-entry.href; link-entry. Rel=installationmedia</td>
<td>Software-name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Role</td>
<td>Entity-entry.entity-name</td>
<td>Entity-entry.reg-id</td>
<td>Software-version</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- **Attesting component model**: componentModel
- **Attesting component version**: componentVersion
colloquialVersion
- **Attesting Component Manufacturer**: componentManufacturerStr
componentManufacturerID
- **Attesting Component FW version**: firmwareVersion (Revision in RIM IM)
firmwareSVN (firmwareVersion in RIM IM)
- **Component Identity or Attribute Cert URI**: componentLocator (pcURIglobal in RIM IM))
Software-meta-entry.persistent_id
- **Component Manufacturer**: N/A
- **Component Manufacturer ID**: N/A
- **File**: File-entry.filesystem-item.fs-name
- **File size**: File-entry.size
- **File hash**: File-entry.hash
- **File Link**: supportFileLink
- **File Hash**: supportFileHash
- **RIM Type**: supportRimType
- **RIM Format**: supportRimFormat
- **URI Global**: supportRimUriGlobal
- **Signature Algorithm**: sigAlgorithm
- **Hash Algorithm**: hashAlgorithm
Start of Informative Comment

CoRIM, as defined in [17], is a signed encapsulation of other elements that can be CoMID or CoSWID elements. CoMID elements are not signed and cannot exist without a CoRIM encapsulation. CoSWID elements are signed and can be provided as a RIM without a CoRIM, but when included as elements in a CoRIM encapsulation, their signature is removed.

CoRIM does not stand on its own, and thus does not fulfill the requirements of the Component RIM IM without a CoMID or CoSWID element.

End of Informative Comment.

Table 4 Component RIM IM to CoRIM/CoMID Mapping

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Attestation Category</th>
<th>General Name</th>
<th>CoRIM elements</th>
<th>CoMID elements</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>keyInfoReference</td>
<td>keyInfoReference</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>digest</td>
<td>Digest</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>timestamp</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>signature</td>
<td>N/A</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

End of Informative Comment.
3.1.2 TAG Roles

Start of informative comment

Different roles may exist, depending on the encoding chosen for the RIM. Table 5 RIM Roles maps the roles for the encoding options to the roles defined for This Specification.

This Specification normatively defines the roles in the column labeled “Component RIM IM”, in Table 5 RIM Roles. The other roles in Table 5 RIM Roles are normatively defined in the specifications stated in the column heading.

Note: This IM mandates a minimum set of Roles. Binding specifications may require additional Roles.

End of informative comment

Table 5 RIM Roles

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>RIM Roles</th>
<th>Component RIM IM</th>
<th>SWID</th>
<th>CoSWID</th>
<th>CoMID</th>
<th>CoRIM</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Tag Creator</td>
<td>tagCreator</td>
<td>tagCreator</td>
<td>tagCreator</td>
<td>tag-creator</td>
<td>n/a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SW/FW Creator</td>
<td>softwareCreator</td>
<td>softwareCreator</td>
<td>softwareCreator</td>
<td>creator</td>
<td>n/a</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manifest Creator</td>
<td>tagCreator</td>
<td>tagCreator</td>
<td>tagCreator</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>manifest-creator</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tag Endorser</td>
<td>tagSigner</td>
<td>tagSigner</td>
<td>TagSigner</td>
<td>n/a</td>
<td>corim-signer</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

A Component RIM SHALL support the following RIM Roles:

1. Tag Creator (Tag or Manifest)
2. Tag Endorser
3.1.3 Requirements

3.1.3.1 Endorsement Identity and Life Cycle Elements

Start of informative comment

The Endorsement Identity and Life Cycle Elements provide a Verifier with the information necessary to correlate a RIM to its associated version of firmware or ROM and the measurements collected that version of firmware or ROM within its Attesting Environment.

End of informative comment

1. The componentModel attribute value SHALL be unique to a class of component from a given component manufacturer.
2. The Tag Identity SHALL be universally unique within the component vendor name space, e.g., a GUID, OID or string.
3. If a RIM is a patch RIM, the patch flag SHALL be present and set to TRUE.
4. If a RIM is a supplemental RIM, the supplemental flag SHALL be present and set to TRUE.
5. The patch flag SHALL NOT be set if the supplemental flag is set.

3.1.3.2 Endorser Identity Element

Start of informative comment

The Endorser Identity Element contains the information about the entities that play a role in the development of the component and the creation of the Component RIM. Each role is associated with an Endorser Identity. The simplest case is a single Endorser that fulfills the roles of tagCreator, tagSigner, and softwareCreator. To enable a broad set of platform and component types, this information model provides for, but does not require, multiple Endorser Identities to be represented in the RIM.

End of informative comment

1. A RIM SHALL contain at least one Endorser Identity corresponding to the creator of the Tag. See section 3.1.2 TAG Roles.
2. The Endorser and Endorser Role attributes for the Endorser Identity SHALL be populated.

3.1.3.3 Attesting Environment Element

Start of informative comment

The Attesting Environment Element contains additional information useful for a Verifier to associate a RIM with a particular Attesting Environment, as well as the binding specification information with which the RIM complies.

End of informative comment

1. The Attesting Component Model attribute SHALL be present.

3.1.3.4 Additional Information Element

Start of informative comment

The Additional Information Element contains information that a Verifier might use to enable correlation of the RIM to a particular component, such as a reference to a Component Identity Certificate, and enable understanding the schema of the RIM, such as the Binding Specification element, which might define the schema.

The Binding Spec Name attribute SHALL be present.

3.1.3.5 Reference Values Element

Start of informative comment

The Reference Value Element contains the Reference Values or a link to the support files. Additional constraints may be applied by binding specifications.

End of informative comment
1. The Reference Value Location Attribute SHALL be present.
2. If the Reference Value Location Attribute is present and contains a CBOR Tag:
   a. The CBOR Tag SHALL be a valid IANA registered Tag, see [21].
3. If the Reference Value Location Attribute is present and contains a reference to a file containing the Reference Values:
   a. The Reference Value Collection Type attribute SHALL be present and SHALL contain a schema specific value describing the Reference Value Collection.
   b. The Reference Value Name attribute SHALL be present and include the name of the file containing the Reference Values.
   c. The Reference Value Size attribute SHALL be present and include the size of the file containing the Reference Values.
   d. The Reference Value Hash SHALL be present and SHALL contain a Hash of the Reference Value file.
4. If the Reference Value Location Attribute is present and contains the string “Direct”:
   a. The Reference Value Hash SHALL be present and SHALL contain one or more Reference Values.

3.1.3.6 Signature Element
Start of informative comment

The Signature element constitutes a single “endorsement”.

It is helpful if the binding specification can include test sample(s) that illustrate how the signature element is applied.

The binding specification is responsible for defining the encoding of the Signature element and defining the various attributes contained within the signature element necessary for a verifier to be able to verify the signature.

End of informative comment

3.1.3.7 Layered Endorsements
Start of informative comment

Multiple entities may provide more than one independent signature on a single Base RIM. Binding specifications may include descriptions of how multiple signature elements from multiple parties can be applied to the Base RIM.

The addition of multiple signature elements is optional and does not preclude the use of Base RIM signed by a single tagCreator.

End of informative comment.
3.1.3.8 Timestamps

Start of informative comment

A RIM signer can include a timestamp to note the time that the Base RIM was signed by the tagCreator. There exist two timestamp scenarios of interest:

**Countersignatures:** Allowing a Trusted Third Party (TTP) authority to create a timestamp that can vouch for the fact that the RIM was signed at the specified time by the signer of the RIM. The countersignature is typically valid for a longer time than the RIM signature, which allows for validation of the RIM after the signer’s certificate has expired.

**Verifier RIM Policy:** The Verifier may have policies that take into the account the time the RIM was created for determining the validity of the measurements within the RIM. For instance, a Verifier might impose an expiration date on a RIM.

The binding specification provides a definition of a timestamp to be included as part of the Base RIM’s signature if it is permitted or required by the binding specification.

End of informative comment
Appendix A: References


