ERRATA

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1. Introduction
This document describes errata and clarifications for the TCG Trusted Platform Module Library Version 2.0 Revision 1.16 as published. The information in this document is likely – but not certain – to be incorporated into a future version of the specification. Suggested fixes proposed in this document may be modified before being published in a later TCG Specification. Therefore, the contents of this document are not normative and only become normative when included in an updated version of the published specification. Note that since the errata in this document are non-normative, the patent licensing rights granted by Section 16.4 of the Bylaws do not apply.

2. Errata

2.1 Policy with trial session
In Part 3, section 23.4 and 23.9, the general description of the commands TPM2_PolicySecret and TPM2_PolicyNV specifically say that the authorization value is not checked if a trial session is being used. The exemplar code actually does do this check. As a result, if the authorization value given is not correct, the result may be either a success or an authorization failure (with accompanied increase in the dictionary attack counter). In a future version of the specification, this may be reconciled. It should be noted that if policies are calculated outside the TPM, no authorization check is needed.

2.2 Encryption with trial session
In the current specification, Part 1 Table 7, it indicates that you can use encryption and decryption attributes with a trial session. In fact you cannot because a trial session handle can never be used in the authorization area.

2.3 CFB Mode Parameter Encryption
Equation (34) in Part 1, section 21.3, CFB Mode Parameter Encryption needs to have sessionValue instead of sessionKey in the equation and the following description. The exemplar code uses sessionValue which is correct.

2.4 Authorization sessions
In Part 1, section 19.6.17 Authorization Session Termination, the current specification says

- when the TPM executes TPM2_Startup(TPM_SU_CLEAR), all authorization sessions are terminated; and
- when the TPM executes TPM2_Startup(TPM_SU_STATE), authorization sessions in TPM memory will be terminated but sessions stored off the TPM will remain active.

This is incorrect. It should state

- on TPM Reset, all authorization sessions are terminated; and
- on TPM Resume or TPM Restart, authorization sessions in TPM memory will be terminated but sessions context saved off the TPM will remain active.

2.5 TPM2_Quote
If no key is provided in the signHandle parameter then this command can either return an error or (if the signing scheme is present) a TPMS_ATTEST structure using the hash algorithm provided in the signing scheme.

Currently the reference code returns an error while the text in Part 3, section 18.4 TPM2_Quote indicates that the TPMS_ATTEST structure is returned.

2.6 lockoutAuth behavior
In Part 1, section 19.11.5 Authorization Failures Involving lockoutAuth, it indicates that if lockoutRecovery is set to zero, then the TPM will not allow the usage of lockoutAuth after an authorization failure until the
next TPM Reset. This disagrees with Part 3, section 25.3 TPM2_DictionaryAttackParameters, which indicates that a TPM Reset or TPM Restart is required.

In the reference implementation the use of lockoutAuth is enabled on any TPM2_Startup() if lockoutRecovery is zero. The behavior in the reference code is correct.

2.7 Sign/decrypt attribute encoding

According to the current definition in Part 1, Table 24, a SymCipher object can be used to encrypt and decrypt data if the decrypt attribute is SET. This is incorrect. The current Table 24 is only valid for KeyedHash and asymmetric objects.

For a SymCipher object the sign attribute encodes encryption and the decrypt attribute encodes decryption. Thus, a SymCipher object can only be used for encryption if the sign attribute is SET. To allow encryption and decryption, both the sign and decrypt attribute need to be SET. This allows SymCipher objects to differentiate between encryption and decryption.

This issue affects the command TPM2_EncryptDecrypt() and the table in Part 2 that defines the allowed scheme values for SymCipher object.

2.8 TPM2_EncryptDecrypt

The scheme selection in TPM2_EncryptDecrypt() is specified incorrectly in Part 3 section 15.2, since it doesn’t work like the other scheme selections. The correct behavior is specified below:

1) keyHandle is not allowed to reference a restricted key (TPM_RC_ATTRIBUTES).

2) If the key has a mode that is not TPM_ALG_NULL, then the caller cannot override it. The caller must either pick the same mode or TPM_ALG_NULL (TPM_RC_MODE).

3) If both the caller and the key have a mode selection of TPM_ALG_NULL, then it is an error (TPM_RC_MODE).

To allow these selections, Table 126 in Part 2 should be replaced with:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Selector</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>!ALG.S</td>
<td>TPMI_ALG_SYM_MODE+</td>
<td>TPM_ALG_!ALG.S</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>sym</td>
<td>TPMI_ALG_SYM_MODE+</td>
<td></td>
<td>when selector may be any of the symmetric block ciphers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>xor</td>
<td>TPM_ALG_XOR</td>
<td></td>
<td>no mode selector</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>null</td>
<td>TPM_ALG_NULL</td>
<td></td>
<td>no mode selector</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2.9 XOR Obfuscation

When a KeyedHash Object is used for encryption, the creator of the key has the option of limiting the use of the key to specific schemes or of deferring the choice until the object is used. The current scheme definitions do not currently allow this selection.

To allow the intended functionality, Table 139 in Part 2 should be replaced with:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>hashAlg</td>
<td>TPMI_ALG_HASH+</td>
<td>the hash algorithm used to digest the message</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>kdf</td>
<td>TPMI_ALG_KDF+</td>
<td>the key derivation function</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Currently, no command supports direct XOR encryption/decryption.
2.10 TPM2_NV_UndefineSpaceSpecial

In the reference implementation the TPM enters Failure Mode if the command TPM2_NV_UndefineSpaceSpecial() is executed with a policy that contains TPM2_PolicyAuthValue(). When the response HMAC is computed the code tries to access the authorization value for an NV index that was deleted during the command. This causes the TPM simulator to assert.

In a future version of the Library specification the TPM will use EmptyAuth for the computation of the response HMAC if the authValue for an entity was deleted during the command.

Only platform manufacturers are affected by this issue. It is recommended that platform manufacturer do not include TPM2_PolicyAuthValue() in the authorization policy used to authorize TPM2_NV_UndefineSpaceSpecial().

2.11 TPM_PT_NV_BUFFER_MAX

In the reference code, Part 4 section 9.14.3.1, function TPMPropertyIsDefined() the property tag TPM_PT_NV_BUFFER_MAX is missing in the list of properties. Therefore the command TPM2_GetCapability (capability = TPM_CAP_TPM_PROPERTIES, property = TPM_PT_NV_BUFFER_MAX) does not return the value for MAX_NV_BUFFER_SIZE.

2.12 Session-based Encryption

According to Part 1, section 21.2 XOR Parameter Obfuscation and 21.3 CFB Mode Parameter Encryption, sessionValue in the equations (33) and (34) is the session-specific HMAC key.

This definition of sessionValue is not correct, in alignment with Part 4 it should say:

- When the encryption session is not used for authorization, sessionValue is the sessionKey.
- When the encryption session is also an authorization session, sessionValue is the concatenation of sessionKey and authValue. The binding of the session is ignored.

In the reference implementation the check whether authValue should be included in the latter case is not performed correctly for an NV Index in the functions ParseSessionBuffer() and BuildResponseSession() (Part 4, 6.4.4.10 and 6.4.5.11). As a result the TPM might not encrypt/decrypt the parameter with the proper sessionValue. Affected by this issue are commands that use the same session to authorize an NV Index and to encrypt/decrypt a parameter.

2.13 TPM2_PCR_Allocate

In the reference code, the function PCRAlocate in PCR.c (Part 3, 22.5) does not correctly determine if the DRTM or HCRTM PCR is properly allocated. As a result, the command TPM2_PCR_Allocate might fail even if the PCR are selected correctly.

2.14 TPM_SPEC Date Constants

The spec date fields TPM_SPEC_YEAR and TPM_SPEC_DAY_OF_YEAR defined in Part 2, Table 6 currently indicate the date of the Library specification according to which a TPM is implemented. Unfortunately this does not give information about the errata a TPM implemented and therefore causes problems with regard to testing.

In order to identify the implemented errata in a TPM, the spec date fields TPM_SPEC_YEAR and TPM_SPEC_DAY_OF_YEAR shall indicate the date of the applicable errata.

When implementing the first version of the Library specification (no errata), the date fields can be set to values of zero or to the date of the Library specification. When the TPM is updated to include the errata, the date fields are required to indicate the date of the applicable errata. The TPM vendor is required to implement all errata as of the indicated date.

If a TPM is implemented according to the Library specification version 1.16, and all issues documented in this errata are fixed, then the TPM would report this document’s date as TPM_SPEC_YEAR and TPM_SPEC_DAY_OF_YEAR as shown in the table below.
Table 3 — Definition of (UINT32) TPM_SPEC Constants

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Value</th>
<th>Comments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>TPM_SPEC_FAMILY</td>
<td>0x322E3000</td>
<td>ASCII “2.0” with null terminator</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TPM_SPEC_LEVEL</td>
<td>00</td>
<td>the level number for the specification</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TPM_SPEC_VERSION</td>
<td>116</td>
<td>the version number of the spec (001.16 * 100)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TPM_SPEC_YEAR</td>
<td>2015</td>
<td>the year of the applicable errata version</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TPM_SPEC_DAY_OF_YEAR</td>
<td>167</td>
<td>the day of the year of the applicable errata version (16th of June)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2.15 Bound audit session

If a bound session is first used for both audit and authorization and then subsequently used for authorization, the reference code computes the response HMAC incorrectly for the subsequent uses for authorization.

2.16 Error Codes

2.16.1 Introduction

The following section resolves ambiguities with regards to errors codes where the specification text and the reference code specify something different.

2.16.2 TPM2_HMAC, TPM2_HMAC_Start

In Part 3, section 15.4 TPM2_HMAC and 17.2 TPM2_HMAC_Start, the general description states that the TPM shall return TPM_RC_ATTRIBUTES if the key referenced by handle is not a signing key. The correct error code is TPM_RC_KEY (same as for all signing commands including attestation commands where the key is not a signing key). The reference code implements the error codes correctly.

2.16.3 TPM2_PolicySigned

The Error Return Code Table in Part 3, section 23.3 TPM2_PolicySigned indicates that TPM_RC_KEY is returned if authObject is not a signing scheme. This is incorrect. The sign attribute is not required to be set for authObject in TPM2_PolicySigned. The reference code is implemented correctly.

2.16.4 TPM2_NV_DefineSpace

The current description in Part 3, section 31.3 TPM2_NV_DefineSpace indicates that if TPMA_NV_EXTEND is set, then publicInfo→dataSize shall match the digest size of the publicInfo.nameAlg or the TPM shall return TPM_RC_SIZE. However, the reference code returns TPM_RC_ATTRIBUTES. The correct response for this error is TPM_RC_SIZE as described in the specification text.

2.16.5 TPM2_NV_Read/Write/Certify, TPM2_PolicyNV, TPM2_PolicyCounterTimer

According to the command description in Part 3, TPM2_NV_Read, TPM2_NV_Write and TPM2_NV_Certify should return the error code TPM_RC_NV_RANGE when the range defined by the size and offset parameter is outside the range of the referenced NV Index.

However, TPM_RC_NV_RANGE is not allowed to have a response code modifier that would provide additional information about the type of error. In the interest of finer differentiation, TPM_RC_VALUE should be returned if the failure is caused by the size parameter or the offset parameter and TPM_RC_NV_RANGE should be used to indicate a failure caused by the combination of size and offset.

In addition, TPM2_PolicyNV and TPM2_PolicyCounterTimer may also return the response code TPM_RC_VALUE if an offset check fails. This return code is neither captured in the error return code table, nor mentioned in the description of these commands in Part 3.
2.16.6 Authorization Checks

In Part 3, section 5.6 Authorization Checks, Paragraph d, e, and f document incorrect error codes.

Paragraph d) indicates that if the command requires a handle to have DUP role authorization, then the associated authorization session is a policy session (TPM_RC_POLICY_FAIL). The correct response for this error is TPM_RC_AUTH_TYPE as implemented in the reference code.

Paragraph e; 1) indicates that if the command requires a handle to have ADMIN role authorization and if the entity being authorized is an object and its adminWithPolicy attribute is SET, or a hierarchy, then the authorization session is a policy session (TPM_RC_POLICY_FAIL). The correct response for this error is TPM_RC_AUTH_TYPE as implemented in the reference code.

Paragraph f; 1) indicates that if the command requires a handle to have USER role authorization and if the entity being authorized is an object and its userWithAuth attribute is CLEAR, then the associated authorization session is a policy session (TPM_RC_POLICY_FAIL). The correct response for this error is TPM_RC_AUTH_UNAVAILABLE as implemented in the reference code.

The authorization checks are done in SessionProcess.c, function CheckAuthSession() (Part 4, section 6.4.4.8).

2.16.7 TPM2_ECDH_ZGen, TPM2_ECDH_KeyGen

According to Part 3, section 14.5 TPM2_ECDH_ZGen the parameter keyHandle shall refer to a loaded, ECC key (TPM_RC_KEY) with the restricted attribute CLEAR and the decrypt attribute SET (TPM_RC_ATTRIBUTES). The reference code returns TPM_RC_KEY in both cases.

When the key selected has the wrong attributes the preferred error code is TPM_RC_ATTRIBUTES. However, TPM_RC_KEY is also acceptable. The same applies to TPM2_ECDH_KeyGen.

2.16.8 Handle Area Validation

In Part 3, section 5.4 Handle Area Validation, paragraph b; 4) the text indicates that if a handle in the handle area of a command references a session, then the session context shall be present in TPM memory (TPM_RC_REFERENCE_S0 + N).

The correct response for this error is (TPM_RC_REFERENCE_H0 + N) as implemented in the reference code.

2.16.9 TPM2_Commit

According to Part 3, section 19.2.1 TPM2_Commit the signHandle parameter shall refer to an ECC key with the sign attribute (TPM_RC_ATTRIBUTES) and the signing scheme must be anonymous (TPM_RC_SCHEME). In addition, the error return code table of this command defines the error condition for TPM_RC_ATTRIBUTES as “keyHandle references a restricted key that is not a signing key”.

Both statements are incorrect. The only requirement for signHandle is that the signing scheme must be anonymous. The reference code implements the checks for the key correctly.

2.16.10 Password authorization

According to Part 1, section 18.6.1, a password authorization may not be used for anything but authorization and the TPM will return an error (TPM_RC_ATTRIBUTES) if encrypt, decrypt, or audit is SET in a password authorization.

The check for these attributes is missing in the session processing code of the reference implementation. Therefore a TPM might not return an error if encrypt, decrypt, or audit is SET in a password authorization.